Streetcars: The Missing Link?

Jack J. Collins Vice President, Metrolinx

University of British Columbia September 29, 2010

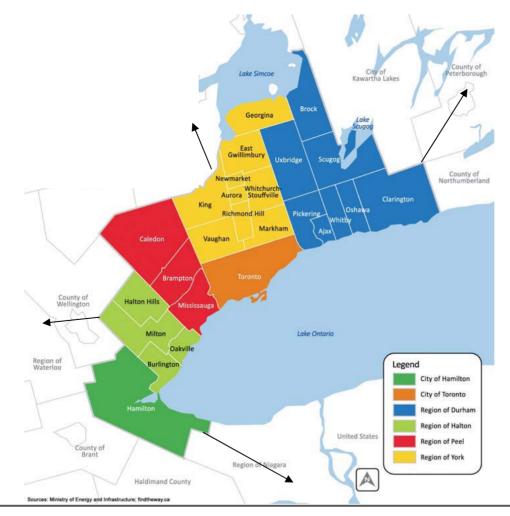
Topics

- What is Metrolinx?
- Metrolinx Big Move Projects
- What is new with Toronto Streetcars?
- Resurgence of Streetcars in United States
- Things to keep in mind when considering Streetcar vs. Light Rail
- Getting it Right
- Questions?





A Tremendous Opportunity for Growth and Prosperity



27 municipalities

6 million people now, growing to 9 million by 2031





Metrolinx Vision and Mission

- Vision Working Together to Transform the Way the Region Moves
- Mission To Champion and Deliver Mobility Solutions for the Greater Toronto and Hamilton Area (GTHA)





The Big Move



In 2008 we produced a plan – The Big Move – a unanimously supported common vision

- 25-year integrated transportation plan
- \$50 billion capital need
- Plan vision
 - Double transit mode share
 - Transit lines would triple in length
 - Despite growth, commuting times would not increase
 - 75% of people living within 2 km of rapid transit
 - GHGs per capita decline significantly





Economic Benefits of The Big Move

Cost of congestion - \$6 billion, and could grow to \$15 billion in 2031

Jobs created building the projects	430,000
Expenditure within Ontario	71%
Employment Income	\$ 21 billion
GDP Growth	\$ 31 billion
Total Tax Revenues	\$ 15 billion





Metrolinx Priorities

- 1. Get the first five transit projects and Union-Pearson Air Rail Link built. Get these projects done and get them done well.
- 2. GO Transit good as it is, it needs to be even better. Make citizens an offer so good, they can't refuse. Expand and improve GO.
- 3. Develop investment strategy so we never have to play catch up again. Get best ideas on table, get debate going and citizens engaged. Make a recommendation by June 1, 2013.







Metrolinx Big 5 Projects Moving Forward

On June 14, 2010 Metrolinx ordered 182 Bombardier LRV's for \$770 million







Moving Forward – Sheppard LRT







Metrolinx Big 5 Projects Moving Forward

4 Tunnel Boring Machines

\$54 Million

Toronto-Based Lovat Inc.







Moving Forward – York VIVA







Moving Forward – Union-Pearson Air Rail Link



Other Major Projects Moving Forward



What's New With Toronto Streetcars?



CLRV 1978 - Present





What's New With Toronto Streetcars?



ALRV 1987 – Present

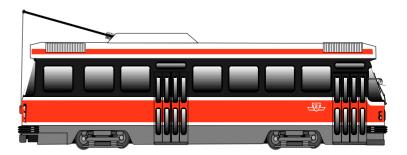


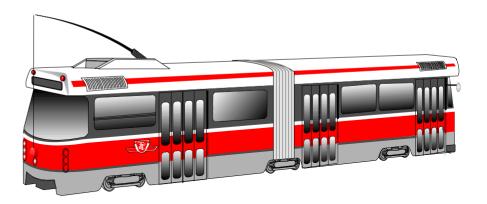


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Streetcar Facts-Current System

- Annual Streetcar
 Passenger-trips ~ 80 million
- Vehicles:
 - 196 CLRVs (Car 1 1977)
 - 52 ALRVs (Car 1 1987)
- Tracks:
 - 85 double track km
 - 89 special track work
- Service Routes:
 - 11 Routes total
 - 3 Semi-Right-of-Way









Toronto Streetcar Challenges

- Tight Loop and Curve Radius (11m vs. 25m)
- Grade Requirements (8% vs. 5%)
- Ground-borne Vibration
- Overhead Wire Capacity
- Buff Load (Collision Strength)
- Fare Collection











New Toronto Main Features

- 30.2m long (CLRV = 15.4m; ALRV = 23.2m)
- Single ended, 4 doors, air-conditioned
- ~ 250 passenger crush load (CLRV = 132; ALRV = 205)
- Customer input driven design
- Accessible 2 wheelchair positions, bike rack, audio/visual stc announcement
- Secure cameras, advance warning to motorists about impending stops, anti-microbial coating on stanchions
- Safe performance, crash energy management, outward visibility, meet SSP







New Toronto Main Features

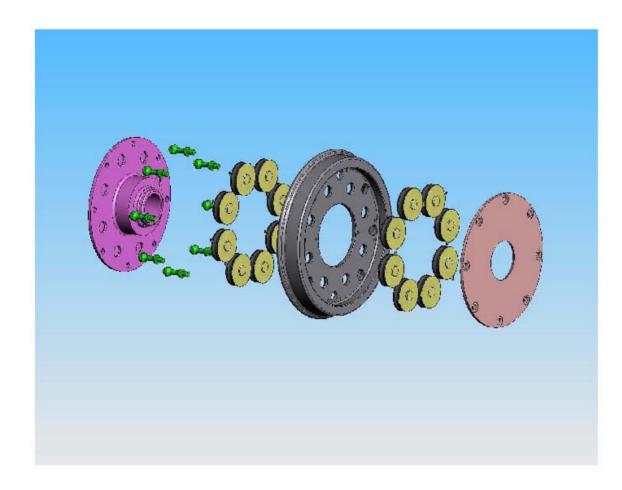
- Environmental impact mitigation:
 - Regenerative braking
 - Equipment right-sizing
 - L.E.D. exterior lighting and intelligent auxiliary power control
 - Energy efficient glazing and insulation
 - Non-ozone depleting air conditioning freon
 - Aggressive weight and end-of-life recyclable material management programs
- Enclosed cab ticket vending & validation machines
- Go anywhere steep grades, tight curves, extended tunnel operation
- High reliability and maintainability
- Easy adaptation for Transit City vehicles

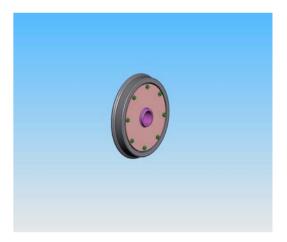






Super Resilient Wheels

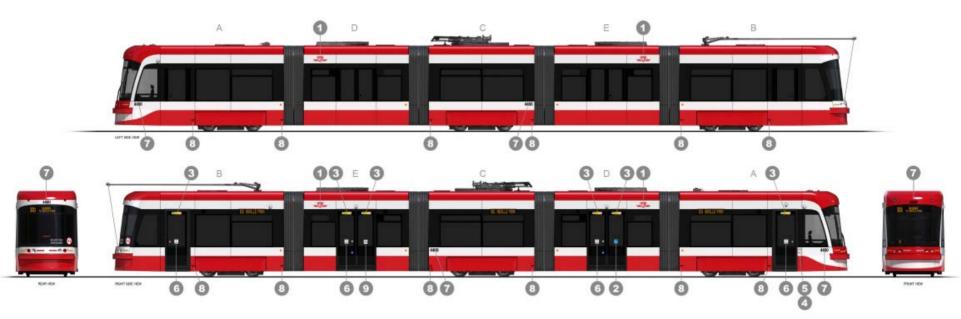








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Preliminary Interior & Seat Style and Fabric



Preliminary Interior Layout & Seat Style and Fabric



MISSOURI Project: St. Louis Loop Trolley Project (Urban Circulator) Sponsor: City of St. Louis Length: 2.2 miles (3.5 km) Planning Stage: Final Design Expected Cost: \$44,000,000 Cost per km: \$12,600,000 Grant Amount: \$24,990,000





NORTH CAROLINA

Project: Charlotte Streetcar Starter Project (Urban Circulator)

Sponsor: City of Charlotte Length: 1.5 miles (2.4 km) Planning Stage: Preliminary Engineering Expected Cost: \$37,000,000 Cost per km: \$15,400,000 Grant Amount: \$24,990,000







OHIO

Project: Cincinnati Streetcar Project (Urban Circulator) Sponsor: City of Cincinnati Length: 6 miles (9.6 km) Planning Stage: Preliminary Engineering Expected Cost: \$128,000,000 Cost per km: \$13,300,000 Grant Amount: \$24,990,000







TEXAS

Project: Forth Worth Streetcar Loop (Urban Circulator)

Sponsor: The City of Fort Worth and the Fort Worth Transportation Authority

Length: 1.4 – 3.2 miles (2.2 – 5.1 km)

Planning Stage: Alternatives Analysis

Expected Cost: \$69,900,000 - \$138,300,000

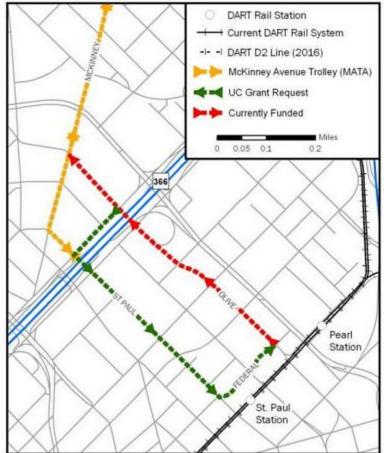
Cost per km: \$27,000,000 - \$31,000,000

Grant Amount: \$24,990,000





TFXAS Project: Olive/St. Paul Street Loop (Urban Circulator) Sponsor: Dallas Area Rapid Transit Authority (DART Length: 0.65 miles (1 km) Planning Stage: Final Design Expected Cost: \$10,000,000 Cost per km: \$10,000,000 Grant Amount: \$4,900,000







OREGON Project: Portland Streetcar Loop (Urban Circulator) Sponsor: TriMet & City of Portland Length: 3.3 miles (5.3 km) Planning Stage: Design Expected Cost: \$128,273,000 Cost per km: \$24,156,000 Grant Amount: \$75,000,000 (federal)





Streetcar Project Trend in USA

- Urban Circulators that tie into other line haul light rail transit lines
- Portland Streetcar ties into MAX LRT
- Dallas Streetcar to tie into DART LRT
- Charlotte Streetcar to tie into Charlotte LRT



Modal Choices: Streetcars vs. Light Rail



Modern LRT in North America



Phoenix



Seattle



Houston



Edmonton











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Toronto Streetcar Debate

Typical Opinions on Toronto Streetcars:

- Too slow, competes with traffic
- Don't like sharing road with streetcars
- Wait for a long time and then 2 or 3 arrive at the same time
- Better than diesel buses, better for air quality downtown
- Like them, they part of Toronto Urban fabric
- Too expensive





Streetcars versus LRT

Existing Streetcars	LRT
Shares lane with carsex. St. Clair, Spadina-Harbourfront	Never shares laneSometimes fully segregated (tunnel or elevated)
 Slow boarding Front door only (one door) Payment after entry, in queue High floor with steps 	Faster boarding • All-door boarding (four per car) • Payment before entry • Level boarding, no steps
No trains - max. length 24m	Trains of 1-3 cars – up to 90m
Unidirectional, needs loops	Bidirectional, no loops
Close stop spacing • Queen downtown: 180m • St. Clair: 250m	Longer stop spacing • Sheppard LRT: 450m • Eglinton tunnel: 850m • Typical North America: 1,000 - 2,000m

Lower line capacity

Medium-high line capacity





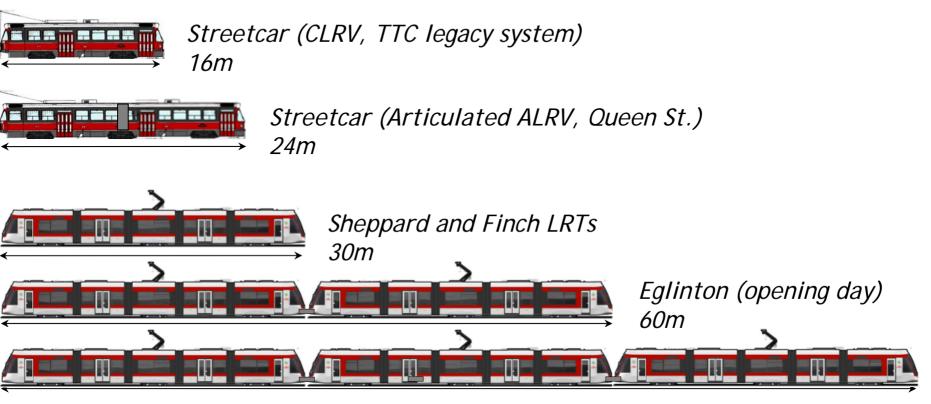
LRT versus Streetcars

- Streetcar service design is much slower
 - St. Clair: 13 km/h
 - Sheppard LRT: 22 km/h
 - Eglinton tunnel: 30-32 km/h
 - Subway: 32 km/h
- Streetcars are less reliable
 - Mixed traffic hurts reliability
 - Slow boarding also hurts reliability





Train Length



Eglinton (max) 90m Scarborough RT (opening day)

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Sheppard Subway: 92m Yonge Subway: 140m



Factors That Affect LRT Capacity

"Transit line capacity" is product of:

- Train capacity
 - Each car carries 130-190 persons under normal conditions
 - A 3-car train can carry 480 persons
- Train frequency
 - Every 3 4 minutes on surface is the limit (15 - 20 trains per hour)
 - Every 2 minutes in tunnel or elevated guideway is the limit (up to 30 trains per hour)
- Three-car train every three minutes
 = 9,600 persons per hour per direction (pphpd)
 - Up to 14,500 pphpd for a line that is fully elevated / tunneled (e.g., Scarborough RT)
- For comparison,
 - Sheppard subway service is currently about 9,000 pphpd
 - Sheppard could be expanded to 20,000 pphpd
 - Yonge subway service is currently about 30,000 pphpd





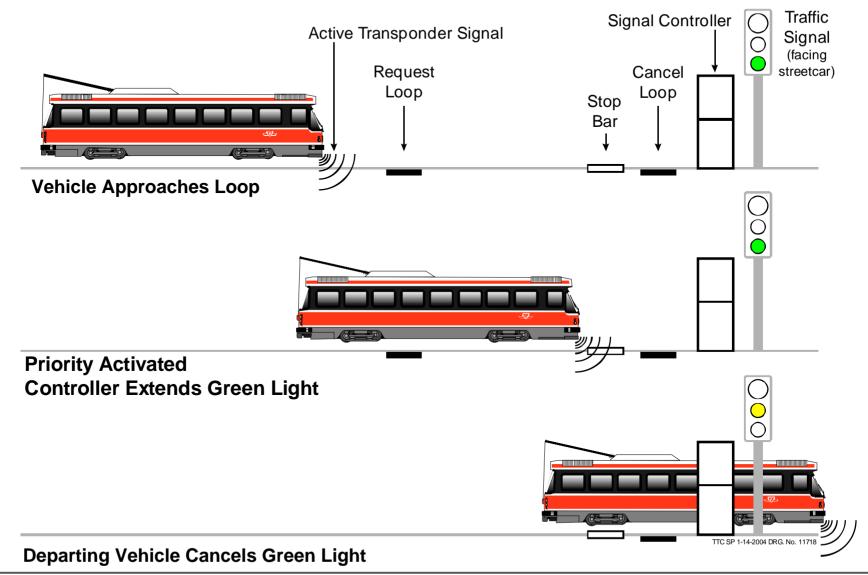
Other Capacity Factors-Best Practice

- Double ended LRVs (no loops at end of line to turn vehicles around increases travel times and efficiencies)
- Ability to accommodate 3 LRV cars in one train consist (increased capacity with minimal additional operating cost)
- Traffic signal priority (TTC working closely with traffic engineers to provide a rolling wave of green signals to the extent possible)





Signal Priority - Green Light Extension







Light Rail Cost 2008 CAD

Metrolinx LRT projects

Sheppard East LRT	\$ 57,000,000 / km
Finch LRT	\$ 58,000,000 / km
Eglinton Crosstown	\$214,000,000 / km
Scarborough RT LRT conversion & extension	\$158,000,000 / km

Other Reference Projects

VTA, San Jose

\$ 56,000,000 / km

All costs in C \$2008. Costs include line and vehicles, but exclude maintenance yards.

Eglinton project is 65-75% tunnelled. Scarborough RT project is 100% grade separated, including tunnels and elevated sections





Streetcar Project Cost

t. Louis Loop (Urban Circulator-3.5 km)	\$ 12,600,000 / km
Charlotte Streetcar (Urban Circulator-2.4 km)	\$ 15,400,000 / km
Cincinnati Streetcar (Urban Circulator-9.6 km)	\$ 13,300,000 / km
Fort Worth Streetcar (Urban Circulator-2.2-5.1 km)	
Dallas Olive/St. Paul Loop (Urban Circulator-1.0 km)	
Portland, OR (Streetcar Loop-5.3 km)	\$ 24,156,000 / km

Canadian Reference Projects actual CAD

Toronto St. Clair Streetcar (6.8 km) \$ 15,600,000 / km*

* St. Clair Project does not include cost of streetcars, part of existing fleet





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GETTING IT RIGHT

- Mode, capacity, speed, cost, urban fit, these are all important considerations
- Rail transit is a fixed investment that should last for decades with proper maintenance
- Today's workshop is a important step
- Get the facts....Deliberate on the mode choice and new technology
- Get it right for future generations!





Downtown Circulator?









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Other Capacity Factors-Best Practice





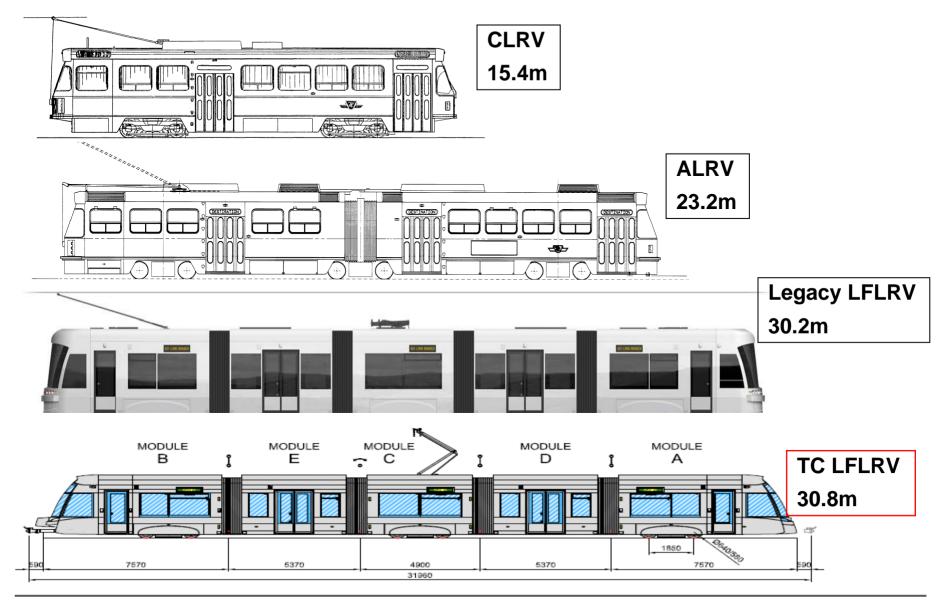
TTC Legacy LFLRV Delivery Schedule

Year End	Delivery	Running Total
2011 (Aug/Sept/Dec)	3 Prototype Vehicles	3
2012	1	4
2013	27	31
2014	36	67
2015	36	103
2016	36	139
2017	36	175
2018	29	204

Dates are subject to Change



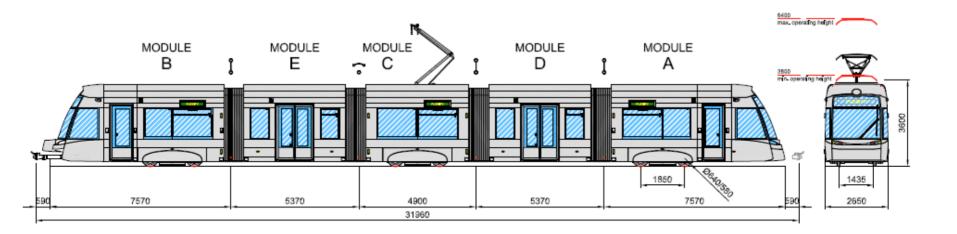


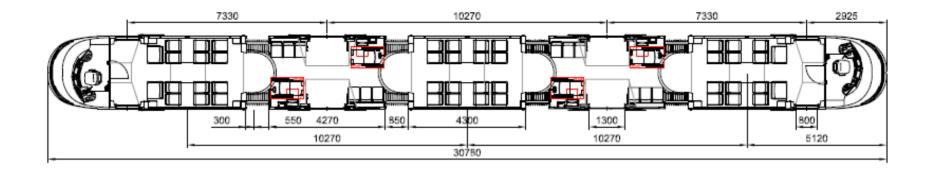






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